

$$f'(x) \quad f'_x(x, y) \quad f_x(x, y) \quad f_x$$

$$\frac{df(x)}{dx} \quad \frac{\partial f(x, y)}{\partial x} \quad f''(t) = \ddot{f}$$

2) Берем.

$$\nabla f(x, y) = \begin{bmatrix} f_x \\ f_y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\nabla \cdot \nabla f(x, y) = f_{xx} + f_{yy} =$$

$$= \Delta f(x, y)$$

3) Конец. *расстояние*

$$f'(x) = \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x} + O(\Delta x)$$

*расстояние* *вперед*

$$f''(x) = \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - 2f(x) + f(x - \Delta x))}{\Delta x^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x - \Delta x))}{2\Delta x} + O(\Delta x)$$

*вперед* *назад*

1. Paj Teruora

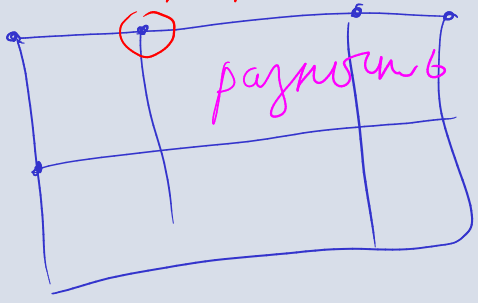
2. Nonuonon

$$f(x) = a_1 x + a_0$$

$$f(x + \Delta x) = a_1 (x + \Delta x) + a_0$$

$$f'(x) = a_1$$

уменьш. макс. X



Внедрение Z

$$F\{f(t)\}(\omega) = g(\omega)$$

$$F^{-1}\{g(\omega)\}(t) = f(t)$$

$$F\{f'(t)\} = 2\pi i\omega$$

$$f'(t) = F^{-1}\{ \dots \}$$

$$F\{f(t)\}(\omega)$$

$$f'(\vec{x}) = \lim_{\vec{x}_2 \rightarrow \vec{x}_1} \frac{f(\vec{x}_2) - f(\vec{x}_1)}{|\vec{x}_2 - \vec{x}_1|}$$